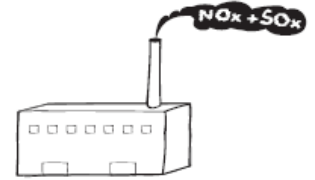


ENVIRONMENTAL FOOTPRINT COMPARISON TOOL

A tool for understanding environmental decisions related to the pulp and paper industry



TRADE-OFFS AND CO-BENEFITS ACCOMPANYING NO_x CONTROL

Technology Options for NO_x Reductions

Systematic reviews of technology options for controlling NO_x emissions from boilers in the forest products industry have been carried out by governments in Europe and Canada, as well as a regional body in the United States. Taken together, they suggest the following approaches for NO_x emissions reduction:

- controlling emissions from recovery boilers by ensuring proper mixing and apportionment of combustion air, (a very site-specific application of staged combustion practices);
- control of lime kiln emissions by controlling firing conditions and by appropriate design of new or modified installations;
- controlling power boiler emissions by controlling firing conditions and use of low-NO_x burners on pulverized coal/stoker boilers or oil/wood units;
- use of SNCR on base-loaded boilers, but not boilers with high load swings; and
- use of methane deNO_x in stoker type boilers (involves natural gas injection and flue gas recirculation).

These recommendations embrace the notion of practicing prudent combustion practices and the selective application of post-combustion controls. The reviews undertaken by governments do not specifically endorse general application of the most aggressive post-combustion controls: selective catalytic reduction, selective non-catalytic reduction, and flue gas desulfurization.